

2020 drinking water quality report

FISHERS ISLAND WATER WORKS CORP.
PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY IDENTIFICATION NO. 5103294

ANNUAL WATER SUPPLY REPORT

MAY 2021

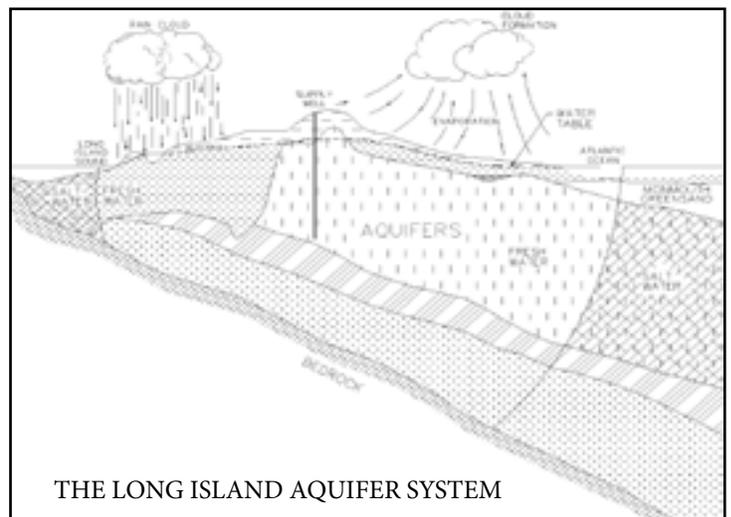
This report is required to be delivered to all residents of our Water Corp. The Water Corp. is in compliance with Federal and State Regulations. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. The Fishers Island Water Works Corp. and its employees are committed to ensuring that you and your family receive the highest quality water. Please note that the information presented in this report is based on 2020 data.

SOURCE OF OUR WATER

The source of water for the Water Corp. is groundwater pumped from three (3) wells located in the Middle Farms area that are drilled into the Glacial aquifer beneath Fishers Island, as shown on the adjacent figure. A backup water supply to the wells is surface water from Barlow Pond and Middle Farms and Treasure Ponds utilized during dry weather periods. Generally, the water quality supplied to the residents is good to excellent.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or human activities. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: microbial contaminants; inorganic contaminants; pesticides and herbicides; organic chemical contaminants; and radioactive contaminants. In order to ensure the tap water is safe to drink, the State and the EPA prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The State Health Department's and the FDA's regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

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THE LONG ISLAND AQUIFER SYSTEM

The population served by the Water Works Company during 2020 was 250 year round residents and up to 3,500 during the summer months. The total amount of water pumped in 2020 was 53.63 million gallons, of which approximately 71 percent was billed directly to the residents of the Water Corp.

WATER TREATMENT

The Fishers Island Water Works Corp. provides treatment at all wells to improve the quality of the water pumped prior to distribution to the consumer. The pH of the pumped water is adjusted upward to reduce corrosive action between the water and water mains and in-house plumbing by the addition of soda ash. The water is also chlorinated with sodium hypochlorite to protect against the growth of bacteria in the distribution system. A polyphosphate Aqua-Mag is added to the water for iron sequestering. In addition, in July 2018, we installed a new greensand filter to remove manganese from our raw water.

During dry weather periods, we also supplement our water supply with surface water from Barlow, Middle Farms and Treasure Ponds. This water receives additional treatment that includes, chemical addition of aluminum sulfate for coagulation, sedimentation and sand filtering for the removal of solids.

WATER QUALITY

In accordance with State regulations, the Fishers Island Water Works Corp. routinely monitors your drinking water for numerous parameters. We test your drinking water for coliform bacteria, turbidity, inorganic contaminants, lead and copper, nitrate, volatile organic contaminants, total trihalomethanes and synthetic organic contaminants. Over 135 separate parameters are tested in each of our wells numerous times per year. The table presented on page 3 depicts the quality of your drinking water. It should be noted that many of these parameters are naturally found in all drinking water and do not pose any adverse health effects.

NEW YORK STATE MANDATORY HEALTH ADVISORY

WATER CONSERVATION MEASURES

The USEPA established a Lead and Copper Rule that required all public water suppliers to sample and test for lead and copper at the tap. The first testing was required in 1992. All results were excellent indicating that the Water Corp.'s corrosion control treatment program was effective in preventing the leaching of lead and copper from your home's plumbing into your drinking water. The same testing was last conducted in 2018 with the same excellent results. Resampling will be conducted in this year.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. Fishers Island Water Works Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

The underground water system of Fishers Island is a limited supply. Saving water will ensure that our future generations will always have a safe and abundant water supply.

In 2020, the Fishers Island Water Works Corp. continued to implement a water conservation program in order to minimize any unnecessary water use. Residents of the Water Corp. can also implement their own water conservation measures such as retrofitting plumbing fixtures with flow restrictors, modifying automatic lawn sprinklers to include rain sensors, repairing leaks in the home, installing water conservation fixtures/appliances and maintaining a daily awareness of water conservation in their personal habits. Besides protecting our precious underground water supply, water conservation will produce a cost savings to the consumer in terms of both water and energy bills (hot water).

The Fishers Island Water Works Corp. conducts over 1,000 water quality tests throughout the year, testing for over 130 different contaminants which have been undetected in our water supply including:

CONTACTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We are pleased to report that our drinking water is safe and meets all Federal and State requirements. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact the Water Company at (631) 788-7251 or the Suffolk County Department of Health Services at (631) 852-5778. Water Company issues are normally discussed at Fishers Island Utility Co.

The Fishers Island Water Works Corp. monitors for different parameters and contaminants in your drinking water as required by Federal and State laws. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. For more information on contamination and potential health risks, please contact the USEPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to disease-causing microorganisms or pathogens in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care provider about their drinking water. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by microbial pathogens are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Copies of a Supplemental Data Package, which includes the water quality data for each of our supply wells utilized during 2020, are available at the Fishers Island Water Utility Company office or on our website.

We, at the Fishers Island Water Works Corp., work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap throughout the community. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water supply, which will improve our way of life and our children's future.

Arsenic	Pentachlorophenol	Bromochloromethane
Cadmium	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Chromium	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)adipate	Carbon Tetrachloride
Mercury	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	1,1-Dichloropropene
Selenium	Hexachlorobenzene	1,2-Dichloroethane
Silver	Benzo(A)Pyrene	Trichloroethene
Nickel	Aldicarb Sulfone	1,2-Dichloropropane
Color	Aldicarb sulfoxide	Dibromomethane
Turbidity	Aldicarb	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
Ammonia	Total Aldicarb	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
Nitrite	Oxamyl	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
Total Hardness	Methomyl	Tetrachloroethene
Total Alkalinity	3-Hydroxycarbofuran	1,3-Dichloropropane
Total Dissolved Solids	Carbofuran	Chlorobenzene
Detergents (MBAS)	Carbaryl	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
Free Cyanide	Glyphosate	Bromobenzene
Antimony	Diquat	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Beryllium	Endothall	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
Calcium	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	2-Chlorotoluene
Magnesium	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chl.Propane	4-Chlorotoluene
Thallium	Dioxin	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
Perchlorate	Chloroacetic Acid	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
Lindane	Bromoacetic Acid	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
Heptachlor	Dichloroacetic Acid	1,24-Trichlorobenzene
Aldrin	Trichloroacetic Acid	Hexachlorobutadiene
Heptachloro Epoxide	Dibromoacetic Acid	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
Dieldrin	Total Haloacetic Acid	Benzene
Endrin	Chloroform	Toluene
Methoxychlor	Bromodichloromethane	Ethylbenzene
Toxaphene	Dibromochloromethane	M,P-Xylene
Chlordane	Bromoform	O-Xylene
Total PCBs	Total Trihalomethanes	Styrene
Propachlor	Dichlorodifluoromethane	Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)
Alachlor	Chloromethane	N-Propylbenzene
Simazine	Vinyl Chloride	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
Atrazine	Bromomethane	Tert-Butylbenzene
Metolachlor	Chloroethane	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
Metribuzin	Trichlorofluoromethane	Sec-Butylbenzene
Butachlor	Chlorodifluoromethane	4-Isopropyltoluene (P-Cumene)
2,4-D	1,1-Dichloroethene	N-Butylbenzene
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	Methylene Chloride	Methyl Tert. Butyl Ether (MTBE)
Dinoseb	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	Calcium
Dalapon	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,4-Dioxane
Picloram	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid
Dicamba	2,2-Dichloropropane	Perfluoroheptanoic Acid
Color	Chlorate	Perfluorohexanesulfonic Acid
Dichlorodifluoromethane	Dalapon	Perfluorononanoic Acid
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid	Perfluorooctanoic Acid	

2020 DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT - TABLE OF DETECTED PARAMETERS

Contaminants	Violation (Yes/No)	Date of Sample	Level Detected (Maximum Range)	Unit Measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL or AL)	Likely Source of Contaminant
Inorganic Contaminants							
Copper	No	August 2018	ND - 0.12 0.12 ⁽¹⁾	mg/l	1.3	AL = 1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead ⁽²⁾	No	August 2018	ND - 2.0 1.4 ⁽¹⁾	ug/l	0	AL = 15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Barium	No	11/16/20	0.0022 - 0.01	mg/l	n/a	MCL = 2	Naturally occurring
Sodium	No	07/13/20	11.9 - 33.5	mg/l	n/a	No MCL ⁽³⁾	Naturally occurring
Chloride	No	07/13/20	19.2 - 28.6	mg/l	n/a	MCL = 250	Naturally occurring
Iron	No	07/13/20	ND	ug/l	n/a	MCL = 300 ⁽⁴⁾	Naturally occurring
Manganese	Yes ⁽⁵⁾	07/13/20	130 - 620	ug/l	n/a	MCL = 300 ⁽⁴⁾	Naturally occurring
Ammonia	No	07/13/20	ND - 1.3	mg/l	n/a	None	Naturally occurring
Nitrate	No	11/16/20	0.087 - 0.52	mg/l	10	MCL = 10	Runoff from fertilizer and leaching from septic tanks and sewage
Sulfate	No	07/13/20	ND - 25.3	mg/l	n/a	MCL = 250	Naturally occurring
Zinc	No	11/16/20	ND - 0.074	mg/l	n/a	MCL = 5.0	Naturally occurring
Volatile Organic Contaminants and Disinfection By-Products							
Total Trihalomethanes ⁽⁶⁾	No	11/09/20	5.1 - 24.0	mg/l	0	MCL = 80	Disinfection By-Products
Haloacetic Acids ⁽⁷⁾	No	08/17/20	ND - 2.0	mg/l	n/a	MCL = 5	Disinfection By-Products
Radionuclides							
Gross Alpha	No	03/09/20	ND - 0.479	pCi/L	n/a	MCL = 15	Naturally occurring
Gross Beta	No	12/14/20	1.29 - 1.87	pCi/L	n/a	MCL = 15	Naturally occurring
Radium 226 & 228 Combined	No	03/09/20	ND - 0.518	pCi/L	n/a	MCL = 5 ⁽⁸⁾	Naturally occurring
Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule⁽⁷⁾							
Strontium	No	08/13/16	29.0 - 52.0	ug/l	n/a	No MCL	Naturally occurring
Hexavalent Chromium	No	08/07/19	0.1 - 0.27	ug/l	n/a	No MCL	Natural deposits
Disinfectants							
Chlorine Residual	No	07/13/20	ND - 0.6	mg/l	n/a	MRDL = 4.0	Measure of disinfectant
Physical Characteristics							
pH	No	07/13/20	6.6 - 7.6	pH units	n/a	7.5 - 8.5	Measure of water acidity or alkalinity
Total Alkalinity	No	07/13/20	37.4	mg/l	n/a	No MCL	Naturally occurring
Calcium Hardness	No	10/05/20	6.5 - 14.5	mg/l	n/a	No MCL	Naturally occurring
Total Hardness	No	10/05/20	ND - 25.3	mg/l	n/a	No MCL	Naturally occurring
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	No	02/18/20	100.0	mg/l	n/a	No MCL	Naturally occurring

Definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - Corresponds to one part of liquid in one million parts of liquid (parts per million - ppm).

Micrograms per liter (ug/l) - Corresponds to one part of liquid in one billion parts of liquid (parts per billion - ppb).

Non-Detects (ND) - Laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

pCi/L - pico Curies per Liter is a measure of radioactivity in water.

⁽¹⁾ - During 2018, we collected and analyzed 5 samples for lead and copper. The 90% percentile is presented as the maximum result. The Action Levels for both lead and copper were not exceeded at any site tested. The next round of sampling will be conducted in 2021.

⁽²⁾ - If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women, infants, and young children. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. Fishers Island Water Works is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

⁽³⁾ - No MCL has been established for sodium. However, 20 mg/l is a recommended guideline for people on high restricted sodium diets and 270 mg/l for those on moderate sodium diets.

⁽⁴⁾ - If iron and Manganese are present, the total concentration of both should not exceed 500 ug/l. Higher levels may be allowed by the State when justified by the supplier of water.

⁽⁵⁾ - Manganese is an essential nutrient that is necessary to maintain good health. However, exposure to too much manganese can cause adverse health effects. There is some evidence from human studies that long-term exposure to manganese in drinking water is associated with nervous system effects in adults (e.g., weakness, stiff muscles and trembling of the hands) and children (learning and behavior). The results of these studies only suggest an effect because the possible influences of other factors were not adequately assessed. There is supporting evidence that manganese causes nervous system effects in humans from occupational studies of workers exposed to high levels of manganese in air, but the relevance of these studies to long term drinking water exposure is less clear because the exposures were quite elevated and by inhalation, not by ingestion.

⁽⁶⁾ - Total Trihalomethanes include Chloroform, Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane and Dibromochloromethane.

⁽⁷⁾ - Haloacetic Acids include Dibromoacetic Acid, Trichloroacetic Acid, Monochloroacetic Acid, Monobromoacetic Acid and Dichloroacetic Acid.

⁽⁸⁾ - MCL for Radium is for Radium 226 and Radium 228 combined.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The NYSDOH has completed a source water assessment for this system, based on available information. Known and possible contamination sources to this drinking water source were evaluated. The state source water assessment includes a susceptibility rating based on the risk posed by each potential source of contamination and how easily contaminants can move through the subsurface to the wells. The susceptibility of a water supply well to contamination is dependent upon both the presence of potential sources of contamination within the well's contributing area and the likelihood that the contaminant can travel through the environment to reach the well. The susceptibility rating is an estimate of the potential for contamination of the source water, it does not mean that the water delivered to consumers is, or will become, contaminated. (See section "Water Quality" for a list of contaminants that have been detected.) The source water assessments provide resource managers with additional information for protecting source waters into the future.

As mentioned before, our water is derived from three (3) wells. The source water assessment has rated the wells as having a medium susceptibility to pesticides and nitrates and microbial contamination. The elevated susceptibility ratings are due primarily to the various land uses and their related point sources of contamination in the assessment area. The land uses include unsewered commercial, industrial and residential, as well as agricultural land use. While the source water assessment rates our well as being susceptible to microbials, please note that our water is disinfected to ensure that the finished water delivered into your home meets New York State's drinking water standards for microbial contamination.

A copy of the assessment, including a map of the assessment area, can be obtained by contacting the Water Corp..

COST OF WATER

Water usage is billed monthly. Your contract is on a non-transferable basis. Monthly minimum charges are based on meter size and class. Federal and State taxes are billed where applicable. A complete copy of our rate schedule can be obtained at the offices of the Fishers Island Utility Company office building.

Class 1

Meter Size (Inch)	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage (Gallons)
5/8	\$38.50	3,000
3/4	\$57.80	4,500
1	\$96.20	7,500
1-1/4	\$134.70	10,500
1-1/2	\$192.50	15,000
2	\$308.00	24,000
3	\$615.90	48,000
4	\$962.40	75,000
6	\$1,424.80	150,000

Water usage over the minimum is billed at \$12.80 per thousand gallons.

Class 2

Meter Size (Inch)	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage (Gallons)
5/8	\$49.40	3,000
3/4	\$74.20	4,500
1	\$123.60	7,500
1-1/4	\$173.10	10,500
1-1/2	\$247.20	15,000
2	\$395.60	24,000
3	\$791.10	48,000
4	\$1,236.10	75,000
6	\$2,472.30	150,000

Water usage over the minimum is billed at \$16.50 per thousand gallons.

NOTICE OF VIOLATION

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. Required bacteriological sampling for the month of October were not completed due to shipping to testing laboratory problems during the 3rd Quarter of 2020. In addition, we did not monitor or test for Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and Alkalinity from Barlow source. Our October 29th sample for manganese exceeded the MCL due to filter loading issues.

We have modified our sampling monitoring program so that this situation should not happen in the future.